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THE AUTOMATED USE OF BIBLIOGRAPHIES FOR SOFTWARE MANAGEMENT

J. Fleming

SCIENTIFIC & TECHNICAL INFORMATION DIVISION

AUGUST 1971

Prepared for

DEPUTY FOR COMMAND AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION

AIR FORCE SYSTEMS COMMAND
UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

L. G. Hanscom Field, Bedford, Massachusetts



Project 572R

Prepared by
THE MITRÉ CORPORATION
Bedford, Massachusetts

Contract F19(628)-71-C-0002

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FOREWORD

This report presents the results of analyses conducted by The MITRE Corporation, Bedford, Massachusetts under Contract F19(628)-71-C-0002. Dr. John B. Goodenough (ESD/MCDT-1) was the ESD project monitor.

REVIEW AND APPROVAL

This technical report has been reviewed and is approved.

EDMUND P. GAINES, JR., Colonel, USAF

Director, Systems Design & Development

Deputy for Command & Management Systems

ABSTRACT

The structure of bibliographies in computer-accessible form is described. Its design seeks to use the capability of an existing general-purpose text-processing system to query a file interactively in such a way as to increase the automation available to readers consulting a bibliography. Volume I contains an example of such a bibliography.

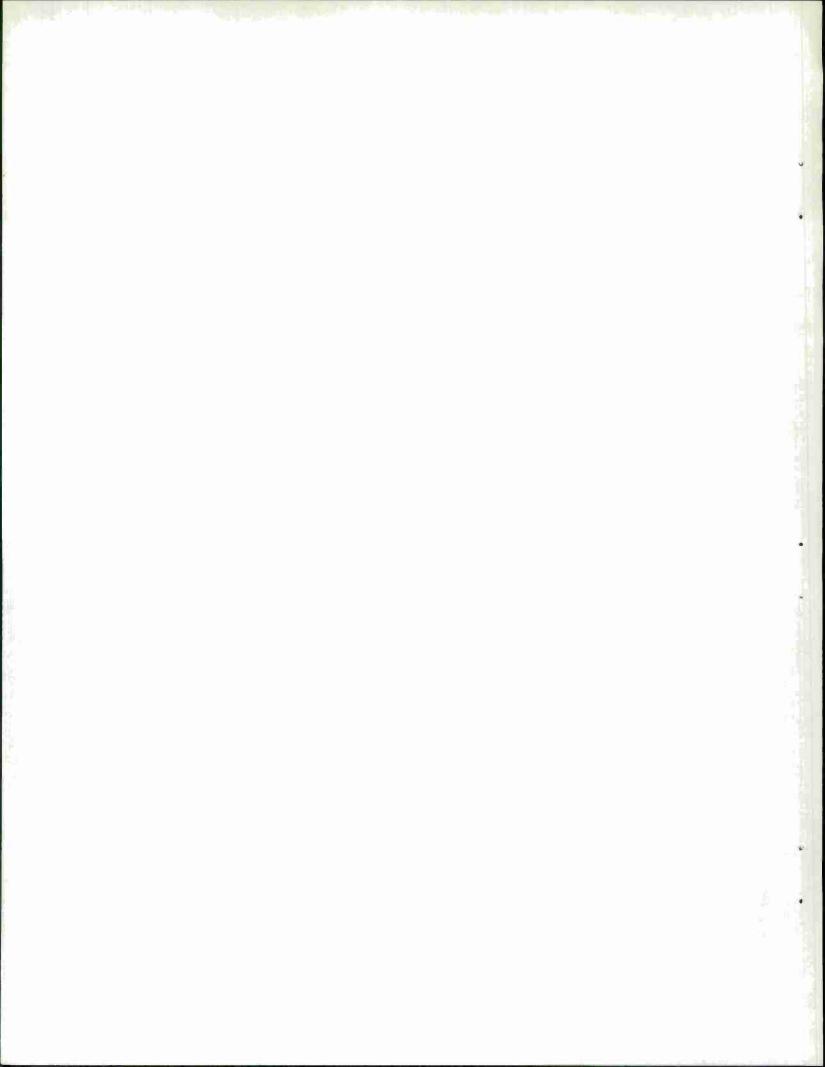
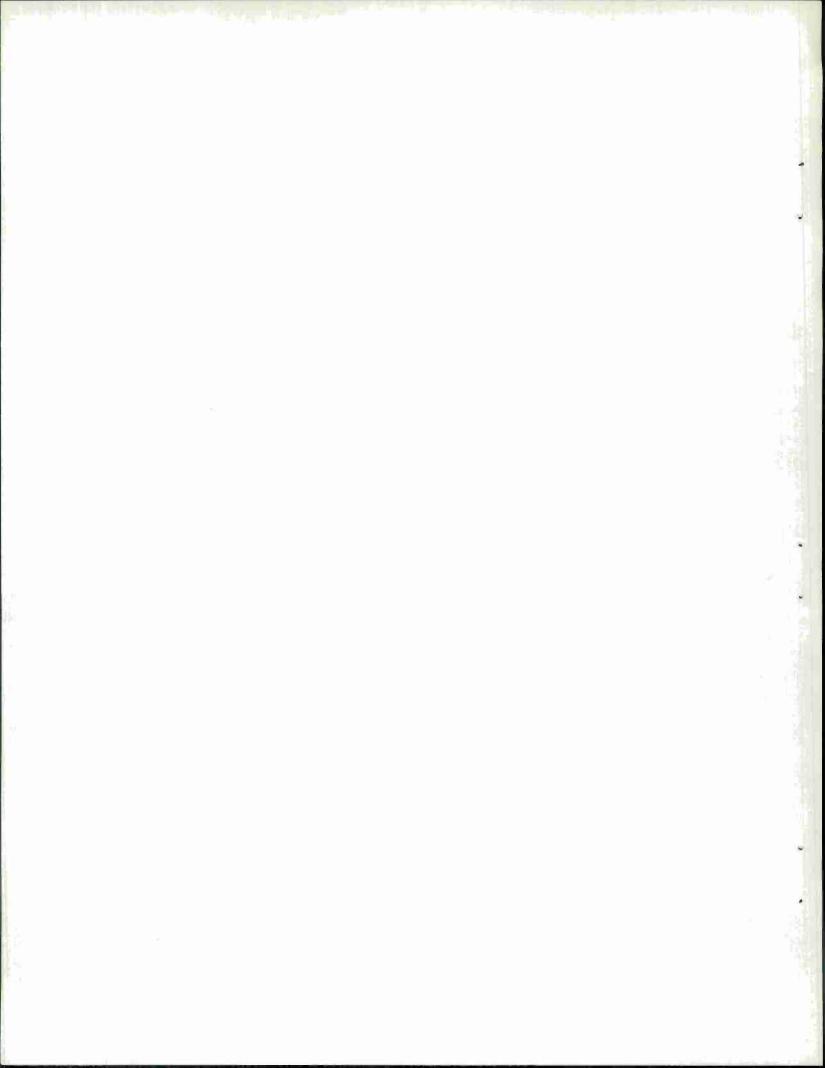


TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
SECTION I	INTRODUCTION	1
SECTION II	STRUCTURE OF DATA	3
	INTRODUCTION	3
	CODE FIELD	3
	TEXT FIELD	4
	Identification Data	4
	Title Data	6
	Author Data	7
	Facts of Publication	7
	Citation Data	9
	Key Words	9
	Last Line	9
	GENERAL	10
SECTION III	AUTOMATIC USE OF A BIBLIOGRAPHY	11
SECTION IV	POTENTIAL EXTENSIONS OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES	12
A PPENDIX A	A SAMPLE BIBLIOGRAPHY ON TECHNIQUES	
	FOR SOFTWARE TRANSFER	17
	INTRODUCTION	19
	SOURCES	20
	STRUCTURE	21
	A LISTING OF THE FILE	
	BIBTRANSLATORROUTINES	23
APPENDIX B	EXAMPLE OF DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA -	
	R&D, DD FORM 1473	45
APPENDIX C	IDENTIFIERS FOR CORPORATE NAMES	49
REFERENCES		51



SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

Historically, bibliographic entries have been constructed and consulted by the effort of humans, unaided by automation. Technological advances make it possible now, or in the near future, for both the construction and the consultation to be significantly less burdensome to the human.

The construction of an entry can be automated by the selection, with possible reformatting, of facts about a work published by an automated procedure from the medium (as, tapes) produced in order to effect its printing. Alternatively, the facts for an entry could be obtained from the publication itself by optical character reading, followed by the same necessary selection and reformatting.

The consultation of a bibliography can be automated by application of the search capabilities present in general-purpose text-processing systems or, alternatively, by use of systems specifically designed or adapted to bibliographic use.

A significant portion of the documents selected for the present purpose incorporate DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R&D, DD Form 1473. This fact and the availability of information required or permitted by it have influenced the information design of the bibliography in certain respects, which will be pointed out when data obtained from the form are described below.

An example of DD 1473 may be found in Appendix A.

The present experiment in partial automation of the processes of construction and consultation of a bibliography reflects a state in between the two polar conditions of manual and automated function described above.

The abstracting of facts about each document and their input to the file have necessarily been performed by the customary human effort, but these facts have been cast in such a form that the possibility of automated consultation of the bibliography has been provided for. To date, the experimental work undertaken has reached only a partial state of completion. Facts about the works selected for the bibliography have not been consistently indexed because the design has been developing and changing during the time that the indexing was being performed. Works indexed earlier have not been reindexed as the design was altered. Rather the emphasis of the indexing effort up to now has been placed on completeness of the bibliographic file, that is, on entering all the documents selected into the file rather than making revisions so as to obtain a consistent indexing of a lesser number of documents.

The current state of the experimental bibliographic file is reflected in the computer listing of BIBTRANSLATORROUTINES which is found in Appendix A of (1). The development of the bibliography up to this time is described here.

A selection of roughly eighty documents dealing with the problem of moving a software system from one operating environment to another was made by H. A. Bayard, as described in (1).

In view of the availability of the MITRE general-purpose text-processing system with certain text-handling capabilities such as sorting and searching, it was decided to design a format for the bibliographic data which would be compatible with that system. To take advantage of the text-handling capabilities available, the design of the bibliography includes a citation index. The citation feature has so far been only partially implemented in the bibliography. For the same reason, and also because a substantial proportion of the documents have had key words assigned to them by their authors, a key-word feature has been included in the design of the bibliography.

SECTION II

STRUCTURE OF DATA

INTRODUCTION

Each bibliographic entry, enlarged from the content of a typical entry by the extensions indicated in the introduction, forms an integral unit called an item. Items are recognizable by a first line and a last line, lines IM and V , respectively, which are mandatory for compatibility with the text-processing system.

Each item comprises a number of elements, which are introduced by index labels or tags. Some elements may contain sub-elements. These structural units are described under TEXT FIELD, below.

The bibliographic entry contains a number of units of data which are considered compulsory if they are present in the source; i.e., the data are indexed in the file whenever the given document contains any such data. The motivation for these units lies in the purpose and resulting design of the bibliography rather than responding to any consideration of compatibility with a particular text-processing system. The compulsory units will be pointed out as they are individually described.

Data are input as cards of 80 columns, of which the first 72 contain text, that is, the bibliographic entry itself, and the remaining field of eight columns is reserved for other data, including codes used in editing, sorting, and searching operations. Without reformatting, each card image produces one printed line on the cathode ray tube display at the terminal presently in use. The codes are discussed first.

CODE FIELD

Each card is indexed with a numerical line-ending code in column 73. The codes in use are: 0 1 2 3 5. Each of these codes indicates how many of the blanks following the last non-blank character of the card so coded are significant. If that character is final in a data element, the proper code is 5. If it is final in a sub-element, the code is 3. If the character is a colon, the code is 2; if a hyphen it is 0. In all other cases, the code is 1.

Columns 74 and 75 contain an alphabetic category code. Category codes in use include: AC corporate author; AP personal author; C cites; I identification; IM identification (mandatory first line of each item); K key words; P facts of publication; T title; V mandatory last line of each item (the line is otherwise blank). When one line is inadequate to contain the desired information, the data are continued on the following line, to which the same category code is assigned. As a minor exception, because certain routines in the MITRE text-processing system assume that the first line of an item carries a unique code, IM is a proper code for a first line of the identification element and I is used only for a continuation line. The content to which each of these codes relate is discussed below under TEXT FIELD.

The presence of the line-ending codes and the line category codes permits compacting of the file so as to eliminate nonsignificant blanks. Sometimes such compacting properly results in combining two adjacent lines which are of the same coded category. The same facility would allow conversion of all items from card-image to sequential format, should such conversion be desired in the future.

Card columns 77-80 constitute the field for line numbers of a file. These line numbers are not contained in the internal representation of the file but are supplied during output to the display terminal.

TEXT FIELD

The nature of the individual bibliographic data indexed in the text field of the card is indicated by a preceding index label or tag. (The text field is left-justified.) Brevity in the tags is obtained by the use of standard American English abbreviations from American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, William Morris, editor (New York: American Heritage Publishing Co., Inc. and Houghton Mifflin Company, 1970). Their status as abbreviations indicates that their mnemonic value has been established and eliminates any need to provide glosses for the tags used in the file. Tags are punctuated by following colons, separated from the index elements they label by two blanks.

Identification Data

For each item, the identification element (tag I.D.:) contains compulsory facts about the document being indexed which may be useful in locating a desired item within the file (see 1 below) or in obtaining a needed document from the author, the agency responsible for its distribution, or a library or other holder of a pertient collection of documents (see 2 below).

Typically, the identification element contains several of these additional facts about a work which can contribute to serving the needs of the user of the bibliography. These facts are treated as sub-elements in the file.

1. A code devised by the late H. P. Luhn

was adopted for local use in identifying this selection of documents because it is intrinsically more meaningful than a serial accession number. It also permits the ordering of the items in much the same sequence as a typical alphabetically ordered bibliography by a sort operation on only 11 character positions. For a file of moderate size, such as this one, a sort on even as few as six character positions produces a useful result. This capability effects a saving when compared with the amount of running time and program complexity which would be required to sort on the name of the author and the title of the document.

A description of the structure of the Luhn code follows:

- a. The first six characters identify the (senior) author or editor:
 - (1) For a person: characters 1-4 are the first four letters of his name, 5 and 6 are his (first) two initials. The hyphen is used as a filler character. SNOWAB would be used for A. B. Snow, DOE-J- for John Doe.
 - (2) For a corporate or institutional source or the like (where a personal author is not credited): the first character is -; characters 2-6 are alphabetic characters representing the name of the organization. The criteria for the selection of codes were accepted usage and mnemonic value. A valuable guide to usage was found in Ellen T. Crowley and Robert C. Thomas, editors, Acronyms and Initialisms Dictionary, third edition (Detroit, Mich.: Gale Research Company, 1970), Appendix

B contains a list of some shorter versions of corporate names which appear in the experimental bibliographic file in (1).

- (3) For the name of the publication in which the paper or article was published (when neither a personal nor a corporate author is credited): the first character is +. +ELECN may be used for Electronic News.
- b. Characters 7 and 8 of the Luhn code are numeric; they represent the final two digits of the year of publication. 70 is used for 1970; -- for an undated document.
- c. Characters 9-11 are alphabetic, representing the initial letters of each of the first three substantive words of the title. CNT is used for "A Cooperative Network of Time-Sharing Computers: Preliminary Study."
- 2. Identification numbers assigned by other holders of the document follow the Luhn code. The AD number assigned by the Defense Documentation Center forms the first sub-element for those documents to which an AD number has been assigned, since it is a primary identifier in the MITRE library. The MD number, if one has been assigned by the MITRE library, follows the AD number. The remaining sub-elements are any identification numbers found in blocks 9a and 9b of a DD 1473 for the given document or appearing within the document proper, or on a microfiche made from it (where the microform served as the source document). No identification associated with the document has been intentionally omitted from the identification element.

The category code for the first line of the mandatory identification element is IM; if there are continuation lines, they are coded I.

Title Data

The title element (tag TITLE:) contains the full title of the document, omitting any initial non-meaningful words, such as articles, or phrases, such as "On the." "A Cooperative Network of Time-Sharing

Computers: Preliminary Study" appears as TITLE: COOPERATIVE NETWORK OF TIME-SHARING COMPUTERS: PRELIMINARY STUDY. The line category code for the compulsory title element is T.

Author Data

The compulsory author element (tag AUTH.:) may represent either a personal or a corporate author. In the absence of an author, the name of an editor may appear among the bibliographic facts for the document. In such a case, an editor element (tag EDIT.:) takes the place of an author element. Except for the difference in the tag, editor elements are constructed according to the pattern for author elements.

The names of authors other than the senior author are treated as sub-elements, comprising, together with the name of the senior author, the author element. The names of all personal authors are inverted, not just that of the senior author, so that one author's name will appear in the same arrangement wherever it is found.

The surname of each personal author is followed by the given names or initials shown on the document, without punctuation. AUTH.: ROBERTS L G MCCAFFREY EDWIN MARILL T JONES JOHN B III LT is an example.

A corporate author is treated as the author element only in the absence of a personal author. Corporate authors are often identified by block 1 of DD 1473. Frequently, the title page of the document or block 1 names a sub-unit of the corporate agency, in which event the sub-unit is treated as a sub-element. AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY LINCOLN LABORATORY is an example.

A personal author is distinguished from a corporate author by the line-category codes, AP and AC, respectively.

Facts of Publication

The facts of publication are treated as a series of compulsory elements, each with its index tag.

For an article (whose title appears in the T line of the item) in a periodical: TITLE: is followed by the name of the periodical; VOL.: by two numeric characters indicating the arabic number of the volume containing the article and by the issue number if this is necessary or useful, the two numbers being separated by a period; PP.: introduces the two four-digit inclusive page numbers separated

by a hyphen; DATED: is followed by the date of publication in the format YY.MM.DD with six, four, or only two digits. In the date format scheme, YY indicates the year, MM the month, and DD the day of the month. Numerics are right-justified, with leading zeroes included where required. TITLE: IBM SYSTEMS JOURNAL VOL.: 06.06 PP.: 0267-0302 DATED: 67 is an example.

For a book (no example occurs in the experimental file), PUB:: is followed by the name of the publishing agency, which may include, besides publishing firms, societies, institutions of learning, and the like. PLACE: is followed by the name of the country or state and the name of the city where the book was published. PUB:: MACMILLAN CO. PLACE: NEW YORK NEW YORK DATED: 55 is an example.

For a paper or monograph published under the name of one or more personal authors, a corporate agency such as is cited in block 1 of DD 1473 is considered as a kind of "publisher." Its name and geographical location are shown, together with the date, found in block 6. AUTH.: SIGNATRON, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS LEXINGTON 02173 DATED: 68.06 is an example. The geographical location is shown with the units arranged in order of decreasing size, as here state before city, and with the zone improvement plan (ZIP) code last. Street addresses have been included for possible convenience of readers. In a larger file considerations of space would probably preclude their inclusion.

The tag AUTH.: has been used for publisher-like information because the same agencies (an example from the experimental file is System Development Corporation) may appear in block 1 of DD Form 1473, both in the presence and in the absence of a personal author. The use of the same tag in both instances may simplify the framing of a computer search query seeking a report of work done under the auspices of the agency, whether a personal author is credited or not. These two functions sharing the code AUTH.: are distinguished by their category codes.

For a monograph published without designation of a personal author, the name of the "originating activity (corporate author)" has been omitted from the facts of publication, since it already appears as corporate author in a line coded "AC." Its dual status as author and "publisher" is implicit in the absence from the bibliographic record of a personal author. Accordingly, the repetition of its name in a "P" line is unnecessary. The facts of publication may be limited to "PLACE:" and "DATED:" in such cases.

The line-category code for the elements together comprising the facts of publication is P.

Citation Data

Most of the publications upon which the bibliographic entries in this file are based contain either a bibliography or a list of references (both are present in at least one document).

For each item the citation element (tag CITES:) contains an alphabetically ordered list of identifiers of documents cited by the document being indexed. The identifier listed is the Luhn code, which is constructed entirely from the information provided in the citing document, even though this information may be incomplete. The document whose own bibliographic entry begins I.D.: MONDLF67VCS contains the citation line CITES: FELDJA64FSC FELDJA66FSC FLOYRW61DLS, which represents the three documents the author Lee F. Mondshein cited in his bibliography or list of references.

For the optional citation element, the line-category code is C.

While the design contemplates that the list of cited documents will be alphabetically ordered, many deviations from that sequence may be found in the file.

The text-processing system at present contains no facility for sorting at the hierarchical depth at which these identifiers are located. Editing capabilities do exist which will permit ordering of these sub-elements by on-line procedures.

Key Words

For those documents incorporating a DD 1473, the author usually provides a list of key words in block 14.

For the key words element (tag KEY WD.:), the individual key words are treated as sub-elements.

The line-category code for the optional key words element is K.

Last Line

In order to be compatible with the text-processing system, each item must have a uniquely coded last line. In the experimental file, the mandatory item terminator (tag null) contains a null element. An advantage is thus obtained that the text field contains a blank line which serves the human user by visually separating each two adjacent items.

The line-category code for the mandatory terminator line is V.

GENERAL

The elements of the bibliography are those usual in technical writing in the United States except for the citation and key words elements. Background information regarding the inclusion of both is provided in Section I, INTRODUCTION.

As an interim procedure for elements such as the citation element and the key words element, which are optional elements since some documents lack them, the tag appears in the experimental file with a null element as an indication to the indexer while work on the file is in progress that the element is, in fact, lacking in a given document.

When the file has been completely indexed, these tags will have served their purpose and the line where each appears will be deleted.

The presence of the line-category codes described above makes it possible for the MITRE text-processing system to operate on a properly configured text field. The most pertinent operations are searching and sorting.

A listing of one possible arrangement of the experimental file is found in ⁽¹⁾. The last few items are credited to corporate authors, in the absence of a personal author. In other respects, the file shows the same sequence as an alphabetically ordered bibliography.

The uses which have been made of the text-processing system to bring the experimental file to its present state include: use of the editor to correct errors in keypunching by substituting or permuting characters and to correct errors in indexing by inserting lines with tags and elements or with tags and null elements; and use of the sorting capability to order the Luhn codes of the citing papers, and hence the items representing them, in alphabetical sequence.

SECTION III

AUTOMATED USE OF A BIBLIOGRAPHY

With a body of bibliographic information available in such a form as has been described in Section II, a user can repeatedly search that file up to a point where he is satisfied that he has found almost all the references pertinent to his need.

A description of one possible path his efforts might take follows.

He looks at a listing of the bibliographic file (henceforth BIB) and notices that Gardner has an item whose title contains the word "list-processing." He queries the file BIB for all occurrences of LIST* on T or K lines, so as to learn whether there are other papers in the file which have a similar word in their titles or as one of their key words. A full explanation of how queries are entered and choices made about presentation of the responses to those queries may be found in (3).

Next he looks for the particular list-processor LISP* in lines of the same categories.

Then he follows up whether Gardner's paper has been cited by any other paper in the file BIB by searching for occurrences of GARD on C lines.

After that he investigates whether colleagues of Gardner might be represented by papers having a bearing on his although not citing his paper. He can explore this possibility by searching for occurrences of both UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA and LOS ANGELES in AC or P.

After any of the searches suggested above, the nature of the response obtained might lead him to follow a different path from that indicated.

SECTION IV

POTENTIAL EXTENSIONS OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES

An extension of the citation feature represented in the experimental bibliographic file would be to represent the cited documents as items with their own independent entries derived from the list of references contained in the citing document which referred to them (provided they are not already present in the file as citing documents).

For example, say that citing paper \underline{a} cites papers \underline{p} and \underline{q} . The item for \underline{a} contains an identification line I.D.: A . . . and a citation line CITES: P Q . . . in the present file. If neither \underline{p} nor \underline{q} is in the file now, when the extension is implemented, two items will be added: I.D.: P . . . CITED BY: A . . . and I.D.: Q . . . CITED BY: A . . .

An investigation of "the feasibility of analyzing relationships between citing and cited publications into a fairly small number of categories of probable value to physicists . . . through inspection of actual papers and their bibliographies in physics journals" is reported in (4). Four major groups containing 29 categories were identified.

Group One (eight categories) describes the "citing article's . . . relation to science in general," such as description of observed phenomena or hypothesis or theory. Group Two (three categories) described the citing publication's "administration or associative relation to science in general," such as review article or bibliography. Since Groups One and Two deal with the citing article only, they need be listed only once for each citing article.

Group Three (seven categories) describes a "continuity relationship between the cited paper and the citing paper which is independent of the . . . contribution," such as shared authorship or continuation. Group Four (eleven categories) indicates a "disposition relationship" between the citing paper and the cited paper, such as "changed the scope of applicability (plus or minus)" or "questioned (expressed doubt)." The categories of these two groups, since they involve the cited paper as well as the citing paper, may differ for each paper cited by a single citing paper.

A certain amount of adaptation would be necessary in order to apply this scheme, which was elaborated on documentation in the pysics discipline, to the topic of software management, as follows:

Group One Original Intellectual Intent of the Citing Paper

- 1. Description (as, of a software implementation)
- 2. Definition (as, of a software concept)
- 3. Evaluation (as, of a software design)
- Recommendation (as, for an application of software)

Group Two Contribution of Citing Paper other than Original Intellectual Intent

- 5. Review article
- 6. Bibliography
- 7. Data cumulation

Group Three Identity of Continuity Relationship of Citing Paper to Cited Paper

- 8. One or more authors in common
- 9. Same text
- 10. Abstract or condensation
- 11. Erratum
- 12. Continuation
- 13. Precursor
- 14. Inclusion

Group Four Disposition of the Intellectual Intent of the Cited Paper in the Citing Paper

- 15. Noted only
- 16. Distinguished
- 17. Reviewed or compared
- 18. Applied
- 19. Improved or modified
- 20. Replaced
- 21. Changed the precision (plus or minus)
- 22. Changed the scope of applicability (plus or minus)
- 23. Questioned
- 24. Affirmed
- 25. Refuted

While there seems to be little doubt that indicators of categories such as are listed above would benefit citation users materially, Lipetz observes that "analysis of actual publications for the purpose of determining relationships according to the scheme described . . . is neither simple nor rapid." A trial application with a voluntarily cooperating group of citation users would be necessary to determine its desirability in a given setting.

Selecting key words from an unrestricted vocabulary has the disadvantage that an author assigning key words to a work he has written (or an editor or indexer doing so in his stead) and an index user who has a current need for such a publication may not share a common understanding of the interpretation and scope of the key words which the author has assigned.

The use of any restricted list of terms (thesaurus) known to both the author and the prospective user has the advantage that key words selected from such a list convey meaning not only because the selected term is present in the list but also because other terms are also present which were not selected. When the reader consults the list of terms and then attempts to match his selection of likely terms against an index of documents, he can profit by the sort of negative information described above, as well as profiting by the positive information.

When the document has been indexed from a free and unrestricted vocabulary of terms, the reader has only the positive information to guide his selection of potentially interesting documents.

Other things being equal, a hierarchically structured thesaurus can express precision of meaning more concisely than a non-hierarchical one. A hierarchical thesaurus suitable for providing key words for documents having such subject matter as the question of moving a software system from one operating environment to another is (5). Its title page states, 'This book is a major revision of an earlier title . . ; this revision was prepared in joint operation with the United States Department of Defense.'

An appropriate extension of the work already performed under the present project would be the assignment of key words from (4) to the documents indexed in the file of (1). Either indexers or users might assign these key words. An indexer would reflect his total understanding of a document in a single effort.

If the cooperative effort of users were enlisted, a list of descriptors for a document might be gradually built up by soliciting a report of the reader's experience with the document. If he had a

current interest in topics \underline{a} and \underline{b} which lead him to consult a certain document, he might report that he found useful information about \underline{b} but nothing regarding \underline{a} . Accordingly, key word \underline{b} can be assigned to the document.

The response of a user who failed to find any useful information in the same document can be of equal value to the response of the more successful user in the construction of the wanted list of key words for the document. If he were interested in topics <u>b</u> and <u>c</u> but reported that he found no useful information in the document, which instead deals with <u>d</u> and <u>e</u>, key words <u>d</u> and <u>e</u> can be assigned. At this point three key words which will be of value to potential users of the document will have been associated with the document.

In time a state can be reached where, for most of the documents in the file, users need not be asked to recommend key words for assignment to documents in the collection which they consult. Their suggestions for deletions of key words will always be of value, of course.

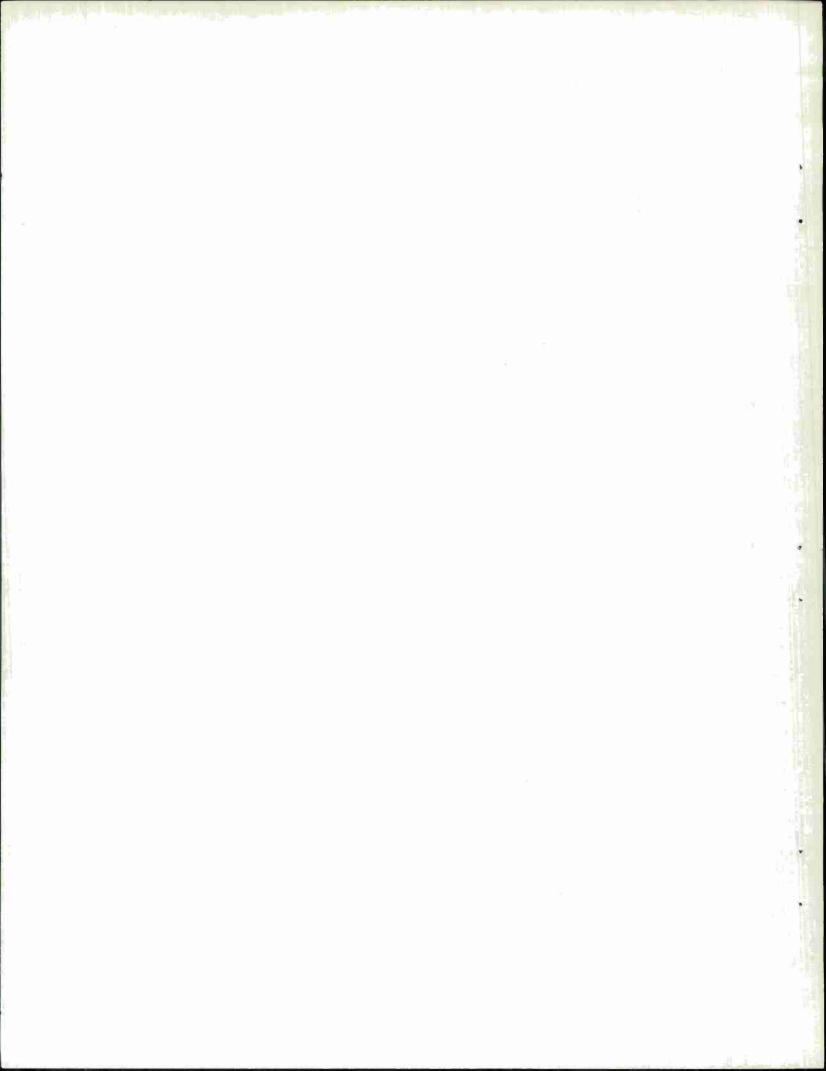
J. Fleming

Intelligence and Information

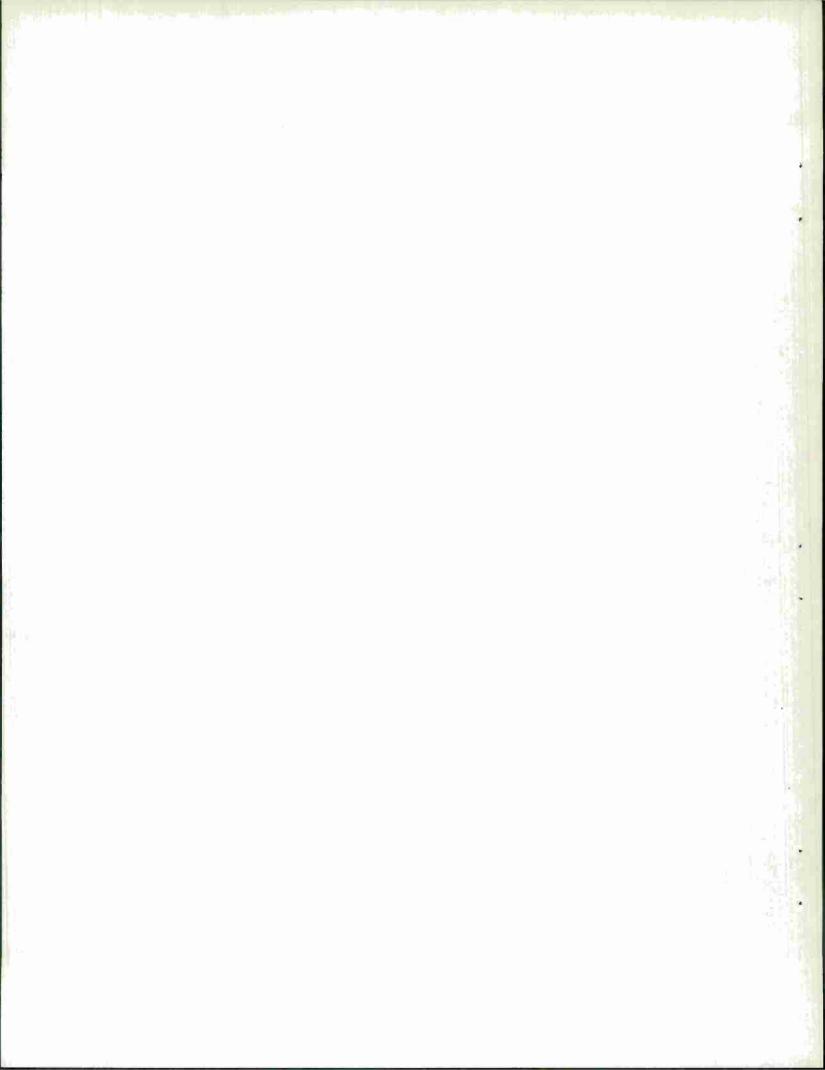
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Systems

JF: dmk



$\label{eq:APPENDIX A} \mbox{A SAMPLE BIBLIOGRAPHY ON TECHNIQUES} \\ \mbox{$FOR SOFTWARE TRANSFER}$



SECTION I

INTRODUCTION

This bibliography represents a collection of documents pertaining to software transferability; in particular to software transferability as it relates to Air Force Systems problems.

The problem of moving a software system from one operating environment to another has primarily been dealt with in two ways;

- 1. On the administrative level: by providing similar operating environments, by constraining programmer behavior to increase the possibility of easy transfer of software, etc.
- By providing automatic and semi-automatic techniques which aid in the translation of software systems which work in one environment to software systems which work in a second.

The articles mentioned here deal with the second approach: what automatic and semi-automatic aids exist for translation of software systems; what techniques and theory exist which, when applied to language and language processor design, simplify the problem of software transferability; and what techniques and theory exist which might be applicable to the design of automatic and semi-automatic transfer aids. Since JOVIAL is the official Air Force command and control language, special emphasis was given to collecting documents concerning systems written in it and concerning the transferability of JOVIAL systems.

SECTION II

SOURCES .

The documents were collected as the result of searches of several different sources:

 Computerized search from the Defense Documentation Center for Scientific and Technical Information at Cameron Station, Alexandria, Virginia, with the following keywords:

SEMANTICS OF PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES
JOVIAL
EXTENDIBLE LANGUAGES
INTERPRETER ROUTINES
TRANSLATOR ROUTINES
TRANSLATING and COMPUTERS
COMPILERS
SIMULATION ROUTINES and COMPUTERS

2. Manual searches at MITRE of:

Computing Reviews: The Association for Computing Machinery (from January 1965)

Computer and Control Abstracts: The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Inc. (from January 1969)

Scientific and Technical Aerospace Reports: National Aeronautics and Space Administration (from January 1969)

Government Reports Announcements: U. S. Department of Commerce National Technical Information Service (from January 1969)

While the manual searches were duplicated in part by the computerized search, relevant documents were found by both techniques which were not found by the other method. This was due to the fact that the computerized search had available to it documents from a longer time span, and that the manual searches were not limited to the keywords mentioned above.

SECTION III

STRUCTURE

The bibliography is maintained as a file in SHOEBOX--an on-line interactive text processing system developed at MITRE. As a result, the bibliography can be randomly browsed through or computer searched for specific requests by the SHOEBOX user. The listing of the bibliography in this document is a printing of the SHOEBOX file.

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'IM'	'I '	identification information; also indicates the first line of an item in the bib- liography
T		title information
'AP'	'AC'	author information
1P 1		publication information
'C '		citation information
'K '		keyword information
**		indicates the end of an item in the bibliography

Each item in the bibliography consists of six sections:

1. Identification section--The identification numbers associated with a document are maintained on the 'IM' and 'I 'lines of an item. The identification numbers associated with a document consist of, at minimum, the Luhn code* of

^{*}Claire K. Schultz, editor, H. P. Luhn: Pioneer of Information Science, Selected Works, New York, Spartan Books, 1968, pp. 230-231.

the document. In addition, if available, the AD number and the MD number (MITRE document number) of the document are given. Finally, if any other identification numbers are attached to the document, they are also present.

- 2. Title section--The title of the document is found on the 'T ' lines of an item.
- 3. Author section--If there is an individual author, then his name appears on the 'AP' lines of an item. If there is no individual author, then, when available, the corporate author of the document appears on the 'AC' lines of an item.
- 4. Publication section--Information about publication of the document is found on the 'P' lines of an item. If there is a corporate author which was responsible for publication of the document, the name will only appear in the author section.
- 5. Citation section--The Luhn code of each document cited by the report is given. This information is found on 'C' lines.
- 6. Keyword section--Keywords, if any, which were found in the document are listed. The 'K' lines of an item contain the keywords.

A more detailed description of the format of items in the bibliography can be found in Volume II.

H. A. Bayard

Intelligence and Information

Systems

J. Fleming

Intelligence and Information

Systems

HAB/JF: dmk

A LISTING OF THE FILE BIBTRANSLATORROUTINES

LISTING OF FILE + BIBTRANSLATORROUTINES DATE 11AUG71

I.D.: BAERJE68GMC AD 678753 MD 57971 REPORT NO. 68-46 TITLE: GRAPH MODELS OF COMPUTATIONS IN COMPUTER SYSTEMS	51M
AUTH BAER JEAN-LOUP E	5AP
PUB.: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF	19
ENGINEERING DATED: 68.10 PLACE: CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES	5P
CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES	21
CITES: ASCHRA67IM- AOKIM-63ACA ANDEDW67MPI BAERJLLOP	3 C
HAERJLOSCAE BERGC-62TGA BAKEJJ62NMB BCVEDP68MAC BARNG IIC	30
BUSSB-62PVS COFFEG67BPP CHENYC66SPC CLINCT64MFP COOPDC66CPG	3 C
CRITAJ65GMM COTTLW65CIF CURTWA63MCS DUDERA64DMD EISNH-62GNA	3C
ESTRG-67MMM ELMASE64AAG ELMASE67EDP ESTRG-63AAC ESTRG-67SCC	3 C
ESTRG-600CS FLOYRW67NA- FULKDP62ECP GEREWS66HJS GIFFB-60ASP	3 C
GLUCSE65ISD GOSDJA66EPP GRAHRL66BCP HELLJ-61SAM HELDM-63AB-	3C
HUTC61PSA IGNAE-65ABB JACKJR55CPL JOHNSM54023 KARPRM60NAG	3 C
KELLJE61CPP KILBMD62RAS KLEIL-66SPM KARPRM66PMP KNOWM-67MOI	3 C
KEMEJG63FMC KUCKDJIIS LAMPBW68SPM LEHMM-66SPP LEVYWA65CMC	3C
MARTDF66AAS MARTDF67EMC MARTDF67MCS MARTDF67MCS MENDMJ66SSR	3 C
MARTJJ65DTD MCKEJL62SPJ MALCDG59ATR MARIRB59NMC MCNAR-59SDL	3C
MURTJC66HPI MAYBJO64MTS NIEVJ-64PMI PARKDF66CCU PRITAB66GGE	3 C
PROS RT 60 ABM RAMACV 66 AGC RADRJ-67GMP ROTHMA66 SIT RUSSEC 63 AAC	3 C
KUSSECAPA ROY-B-62CCG SAATTL61EQT SCHWES64HPP SENZDN65COA	3 C
SCHWES61ASP SCHWJ-66LPC SHEDGS67PNM SMITRD67GAS SCHEAL67ATC	3 C
STAUDC67U1P SCHWJ164GPT TONGFM65ABU THORJF67CGP THORJE63POC	30
TURNR-63AIV VAN RS63MCP WARSS-62TBM WIESJD64SPS	5 C
KEY WD.: DIRECTED GRAPH MODELS OF COMPUTATIONAL TASKS A PRIORI	1 K
SCHEDULING COMPUTERS PARALLEL PROCESSING	5K
	5 V

I.D.: BARBP-68ARP AD 679237 PLR-002 INTERIM REPORT TITLE: AUTOMATIC REPROGRAMMING WITH THE PILER SYSTEM AUTH.: BARBE PENNY AUTH.: PROBE CONSULTANTS, INC. PLACE: ARIZONA PHOENIX 3139 WEST CALAVAR ROAD 85023 DATED: 68.11.01	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
GREEJ-66MEP KRIDL-64FAA MARIT-62CCS NIEVJ-65ASC OLSETM65PTP	3C 3C 5C 5K 5V
	51M 5T 5AP 1P 5P
CITES:	5C 5V
I.D.: BENNRK68BBU AD 681169 MD 57704 SIG-TR-336 AFOSR 69-0072TR TITLE: BUILD, A BASE FOR UNIFORM LANGUAGE DEFINITION: A USER'S MANUAL FOR COMPUTER LANGUAGE DESIGNERS AND SYSTEMS PROGRAMMERS AUTH.: BENNETT RICHARD K AUTH.: SIGNATRON, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS LEXINGTON 02173 DATED: 68.06	ST SAP
CITES: ABRAPW66L2P ARDEBW6110M BASTAL62PLT -BELLT-BSD BENNRK64SST BROORA63C CHEATE64SDC -DATAP61DIP FELDJA66FSC GALLB-67PDA -IBMPLS IRONET61SDC MCCLRM65TSC METCHH64PCB PLASJ-66TSM RICHM-68BRM SCHODV64SCW KEY WD.: COMPUTER LANGUAGES PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES COMPILERS ASSEMBLERS TRANSLATORS LANGUAGES LANGUAGE DEFINITION	3C 3C 3C 5C 3K 5K

TITLE: COMPARISON OF TWO JOVIAL COMPILERS AUTH.: BRANT R L AUTH.: MITRE CORPORATION WASHINGTON D.C. OFFICE PLACE:	51 M 51 SAP 5P
KEY WD.:	5 C 5 K 5 V
TITLE: ROTRAN: A PROBLEM-ORIENTED LANGUAGE INPUT PROCESSOR AUTH.: BRAZIER EMMETT L JR GRIFFIN JAMES H AUTH.: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LABORATORY	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 5 P 5 P
	5C 5K 5V
TITLE: PROGRAM PRODUCTION SYSTEM SOFTWARE SUPPORT AND JOVIAL COMPILER QUALITY ASSURANCE AUTH.: BUDELMAN FREDERICK C ET AL	5 I M 1 T 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.: SOFTWARE JOVIAL COMPILER INPUT/OUTPUT QUALITY ASSURANCE	5C 1K 5K 5V
SAMSO-TR-69 25 TITLE: J-3, PL/I AND A DATA BASE AUTH.: CALLENDER E DAVID RHODUS N WAYNE	3 I M 5 I 5 T 5 A P 5 P 5 P
CITES: -AFSCF68SPT68CEP -IBM66DAF -IBMPPG -IBMPRM -IBM68JCL68PPS KEY WD.: PL/I JOVIAL J-3 IBM-OS COMPOOL	3C 5C 5K

I.D.: CERFVE TITLE: MEASU AUTH.: CERF	REMENT OF RECE			14-90	51M 51
		200 4 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	C. CC	OF FUCINESSING	SAP
		FORNIA, LOS ANG		OF ENGINEERING	1P
AND APPLIED S	CIENCE PL	ACE: CALIFORNI	A LOS ANGELES	DA TED:	2 P
70.05		7.0			5P
CITES: ADDIA	W65TM- AHO-	AV68RAP ANON-	-66MLA APPLC	T65PMD	3 C
ASCHRA69CHM	BAERJ-68GMC	BAUEFL66SSF	BAUMR-64 I A-	BEMERW68SIS	3C
BERGC-62TGA	BINGH-67DEO	BROORA67TPR	BROURA67CFA	BROORA67EC-	36
BROORA67SPD	BROWWS650EC	BURKWM65MSS	CAL IP-67SPE	CHARBA68UST	3C
CHEATE64AC-	CHEATE64SDC	CLARER67ASS	COHEJ-66NOG	COHEJ-67NAP	3 C
COHEJ-67LCW	COUPDC66CPG	COOPDC66ECC	CROCS-661FI	DAVIM-66RFI	3C
DONOJJ67FSS	ESTRG-67SCC	ESTRG-67MMM	FELDJ-62CSG		
FEL DJ-68TWS				FELDJA66FSC	3 C
	FER EEN 68SDP	FERGD-66EMP	FERGHE63DSS	FISHDA67PAM	3 C
FLOYR-648CS	FLOYR-67NA-	FOSTJM68SIP	FREIIF68DBP	GILBR-66SAL	30
GOLDDG66UTD	GOODCD63GMA	GORNS-66SLM	GOSDJA62SCC	GOTLCC67AFF	3 C
GRIFTV65REC	GRIFTV68TBA	HALPMI64XMM	HARAF-65SMI	HARTJ-67MRC	30
HARTJ-65CCT	HERMDJ64UCE	HILLJR68SBP	HOLT AW63 MAI	HOPCJE67NSA	30
HOPKD-68MUE	INGEPZ 66SUT	IRONET61SDC	IVERKE64FPL	JOHAP-67NP-	3 C
KARPRM60NAG	KARUAD69TAM	KNUTDE68AP-	KNUTDE67CPL	KNUTDE65TLL	3C
KOSTR-69LSC	KUNOS-65PAP	KUNOS-66APA	KUNOS-66PA-	KUNDS-62MSA	3 C
LEW I PM68SDT	LIU-CL67DIT	LYNCWC63ABN	MANDRL68TCD	MARIRB59NMC	3 C
MARTD-67EMC	MARTD-67MCS	MARTD-67MCS	MART JJ65 DTD	POTAH-69DCD	30
PRATTW66PBS	PRATTW65SDT	PRESL-68SSE	PROSRT60ABM	RAMAC V65 DMA	3 C
RANDB-64A6 [RESNM-68ISD	REYNJC68ICP	ROGEH-67TRF	ROHLJS68NBF	3C
ROTAB-61CAI	RUBERJ68QMP	RUBIM-67MSS	RUSSEC69APA	ROSES-64CBS	3 C
SCHODV64MIS	SCHODV67SCS	SCHNFW64MSD	SCHNVB67 SCP	SCHUFD67HMD	3 C
-SDS67FIO	-SDS68BPM	SHERPM66FCP	STATN-64MEC	STEEJ B66FLD	30
STEVDF68SEC	TIXIV-67RFR	TOSHW-65ST-	TRACM-69 PEO	TROURG67CS-	3 C
TYRRA-69IM7	UNGESH63GPC	WALTKG66COO	WARSS-61SDG	WEISC-67L1P	3 C
WELCJT65CAU	WELCJT66MAC	WHITP-64REC	WOLMBL65STP	YOUNDH67RPC	5C
KEY WD.: MET	A COMPILERS	PROGRAM PERFOR	MANCE MEASURES	COMPUTER	1 K
MEASUREMENT A	METHODS SYNT	AX RECOGNIZERS	TRANSLATOR W	RITING SYSTEMS	3 K
COMPUTATION A	IODELS				5 K
					5 V

والاستالية والعرب المتمودة والمربول

I.D.: CHEATERMS AD 683362 MD 58235 FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL TECHNICAL REPORT TITLE: RESEARCH IN MACHINE-INDEPENDENT SOFTWARE PROGRAMMING AUTH.: CHEATHAM T E JR CHRISTENSEN CARLOS AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01680 DATED: XX	1 IM 5 I 5 T 5 AP 2 P 5 P
CITES: CHEATE63ICP CHEATE64SDC CHEATE66TCC CHEATE66IDF CHEATE66IDF CHEATE68BEE CHRIC-64APL CHRIC-65ESM CHRIC-66IAL CHRIC-67RMN CHRIC-68EMD FLOYRW67NA- HOLTAW68FRI JORRP-68GBE LEONGF64EOS LEONGF66MEM SATTK-62SAO SHAPRM63DCG SHAPRM64GC- SHAPKM68NAO WARSS-61SDG WARSS-63SRU	3C 3C 3C 5C 5C
I.D.: CHEATE68BEE N70-15399 MD 64052 TITLE: ON THE BASIS FOR ELFAN EXTENSIBLE LANGUAGE FACILITY AUTH.: CHEATHAM T E JR AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 DATED: 68.06. 13	51M 5T 5AP 2P UP 5P
CITES: CHEATE66IDF DIJKEW68LE+ FISCAE BBL FLOYRV63SAD GARWJV67GL- GARWJVGPL GALLBA67PDA LEONGF64EOS LANDPJ66N7P PERLAJ67SAS PERLAJPC- SHAPRM64GTC SHAPRM63DCG VAN A-68DPA WIRTN-66EGA KEY WD.:	3C 3C 5C 5K 5V
I.D.: CHEATE69RMS AD 860066 MD 60729 SECOND SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT TITLE: RESEARCH IN MACHINE-INDEPENDENT SOFTWARE PROGRAMMING AUTH.: CHEATHAM T E JR CHRISTENSEN CARLOS HOLT ANATOL W AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 DATED: 69	11M 51 51 5AP 2P 5P
CITES: HENDD-69DDS JORRP-69FDB JORRP-69FDB JORRP-69FDB LEDEKS69CR- WOLFMS69UVC KEY WD.:	3 C 5 C 5 K 5 V
I.D.: CHIKGB670MR AD 697616 FTD-MT-24-411-68 TITLE: ONE METHOD OF REPRESENTING ALGORITHMS OF MACHINE TRANSLATION AUTH.: CHIKOIDZE G B TITLE: AN GRUZSSR. SOOBSHCHENIYA CATED: 67 TRANSLATED: 68.12.27 VOL.: 48.02 PP.: 0293-0298	5 I M 1 T 5 T 5 A P 2 P 5 P
CITES: CHIKGB66AMT KEY WD.: MACHINE TRANSLATION ALGORITHMIC LANGUAGE	5C 5K 5 V

1.D.: CULIK-67WTG AD 683105 FTD-HT-23-613-66 TITLE: WELL TRANSLATABLE GRAMMARS AND ALGOL-LIKE LANGUAGES TRANSLATED FROM RUSSIAN AUTH.: CULIK K TITLE: NAUCHNO-TEKHNICHESKAYA INFORMATSIYA SERIYA 2 INFORMATSIONNYYE PROTSESSY I SISTEMY VOL.: 03 PP.: 0021-0023 CITES:	51M 3T 5T 5AP 1P 5P
I.D.: DELLGT65UMT TITLE: USE OF MACROS IN TRANSLATION OF SYMBOLIC ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE OF ONE COMPUTER TO ANOTHER AUTH.: DELLERT GEORGE T JR TITLE: COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ACM VOL.: 8, NO. 12 PP.: 0742-0748 DATED: 65.12	51M 1T 5T 5AP 2P 5P
CITES: BRAUJH63SI7 STEVDF63EF7 MAGNRA64MP- BAKECL63ACM MYLAHC65CSP MAGNRA65EUM KEY WD.:	50 50 5K 5V
T.D.: DILLR-67RSE MD 64076 TM-3567/000/00 (DRAFT) TITLE: RESULTS OF THE SURVEY OF EXISTING AND AVAILABLE TEST AND EVALUATION METHODS FOR NONFUNCTIONAL COMPUTER PROGRAMS AUTHA: DILLER R FLEISHMAR T AUTHA: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONIGA 2500 COLORADO AVE. DATED: 67.07.07	514 1T 5T 5AP 1P 5P
CITES: +ACMJA- +ACMCA- SIEGMIRB CALIP-67SPE +CA	3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 3 C 5 C 5 K 5 V
I.D.: FREDDS65AML TITLE: ACROSS MACHINE LINES IN COBOL AUTH.: FREDERICKS D S WARBURTON C R TITLE: COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ACM VOL.: 8, NO. 12 PP.: 0731-0735 DATED: 65.12	51 M 5T 5AP 2P 5P
CITES: KEY WD.:	5C 5 K

I.D.: GAINRS65TML TITLE: TRANSLATION OF MACHINE LANGUAGE PROGRAMS AUTH.: GAINES R STOCKTON TITLE: COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ACM VOL.: 8, NO. 12 PP.: 0736-0741 DATED: 65.12	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 2 P 5 P
CITES: GUNNJH62PPI OPLEA-62ATP GRAHS-65SCC KEY WD.:	5C 5K 5V
TITLE: DEVELOPMENT OF A METACOMPILER CONTAINING LIST-PROCESSING CAPABILITIES AUTH.: GARDNER ROBERT I JR AUTH.: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING PLACE: CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES 90024 DATED: 68.12	5 I M 1 T 5 T 5 A P 5 P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.: METACOMPILER LIST-PROCESSING SYSTEM DIRECTED GRAPH STRUCTURES LANGUAGE TRANSLATORS COMPILERS	5 C 1 K 5 K 5 V
I.D.: GILBP-66APT AD 488851 MD 30715 RADC-TR-66-54 TITLE: AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES AUTH.: GILBERT P GUNN D M SCHAGER C L AUTH.: TELEDYNE SYSTEMS CORP PLACE: CALIFORNIA HAWTHORNE 12525 SD. DAPHNE AVE DATED: 66.07	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: CHOMN-59CFP GILB62APT GILB63APT GILBPSAL GINSS-62TFL GLENAE6OSMC IRONET6ISCA NAURP-60RAL KEY WD.: COMPILERS PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE FORTRAN ALGOL JOVIAL AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING	3C 5C 3K 5K 5V
I.D.: GILBP-67APT AD 811144 RADC-TR-66-665, VOLUME I TITLE: AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES AUTH.: GILBERT PHILIP GUNN DON M SCHAGER CRAIG L TESTERMAN W AUTH.: TELEDYNE SYSTEMS CO. PLACE: CALIFORNIA HAWTHORNE 12525 SOUTH DAPHNE AVE. DATED: 67.01	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.: COMPILERS PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES FORTRAN, JOVIAL, ALGOL AUTGMATIC PROGRAMMING	5 C 3 K 5 K

FITTE: AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES AUTHA: GILBERT PHILIP GUNN DON M SCHAGER CRAIG L TESTERMAN W AUTHA: TELEDYNE SYSTEMS CO. PLACE: CALIFORNIA HAWTHORNE 12525 SOUTH DAPHNE AVE. DATED: 67.01	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: KEY HD.: COMPILERS PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES FORTRAN, JOVIAL, ALGOL AUTOMATIC PROGRAMMING	5 C. 3 K. 5 K. 5 V
I_D_: GILBP-67CGU AD 658029 MD 50702 RADC-TR-67-456 TITLE: COMPILER GENERATION USING FORMAL SPECIFICATION OF PROCEDURE- CRIENTED AND MACHINE LANGUAGES AUTH_: GILBERT PHILIP MCLELLAN WILLIAM G AUTH_: ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER (EMIRD) PLACE: NEW YORK GRIFFISS AIR FORCE BASE 13440 DATED: 67.08	51M 0T 5T 5AP 1P 5P
CITES: CANTDG62APB CHOMN-57SS- CHOMN-59CFP DIFDAC63SRS GILH62AFT GILB66APT GILB66APT GILBP-66SAL GINSS-62TFL TRONET61SCA NAURP-60RAL KEY HD.: PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES COMPILERS FORTRAN JOVIAL ALGO:	3C 3C 5C 3K 5K 5V
1.D.: GILBP-67CGU AD 658029 RADC-TR-67-454 TITLE: COMPILER GENERATION USING FORMAL SPECIFICATION OF PROCEDURE- GRIENTED AND MACHINE LANGUAGES AUTH.: GILBERT PHILIP MCLELLAN WILLIAM G AUTHL: ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER (EMIRD) PLACE: NEW YORK URSIEFISS AIR FORCE BASE 13440 DATED: 67.08	5 I M O T 5 T 5 A F 1 P 5 P
CITES: CHOMN-57SS- CHOMN-59CFP GINSS-62TFL NAURP-60RAL IRONET61SCA CANTDG62APB DIFOAC63SRS GILBP-66SAL GILBAPT GILBAPT GILBAPT FY HD.: PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES COMPILERS FORTRAN JOVIAL ALGOL	3C 3C 5C 3K 5K

TITLE: ALGORITHMIC LANGUAGES FINAL REPORT AUTH.: GINSBURG SEYMOUR AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P
MONICA 90+06 DATED: 69.07.01.	5P
CITES: CHANWJ69AFD DONEJE67TAS GINSS-67DRL GINSS-67NPL CINSS-67CSC GINSS-67P GINSS-67DEE GINSS-68DL- GINSS-68TBA GINSS-68AFL GINSS-68MMT GINSS-68SFL GINSS-69PA- GINSS-69IAU GREIS-67IAD GRIES-67NUP GREIS-68SCG GREIS-68CAD GREIS-69MA- GREIS-69CFA HIBBTN66GCD HIBBTN67ECG MAGEG-68WPA ROSEGF68AFP ROSEGF67CWP ULLIJ-66PAP KEY WD.: AUTOMATA FORMAL LANGUAGES AFL THEORY	3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 5C 5C 5K
I.D.: GOSDJ-68AIC MTP-312 TITLE: ACHIEVING INTER-ADP CENTER COMPATIBILITY AUTH.: GOSDEN J BRAMSON S FRY J MAHLE S STERNICK H AUTH.: MITRE CORPORATION WASHINGTON OPERATIONS PLACE: DATED: 68.05	51M 5T 5AP 5P 5P
CITES: FRANEWOODMS SABLJ-66RCA +ACM-63A6R -USASI66FUSASI66BFUSASICIB -CSC67GCCSCGSCSCECT +DATAM67CLM -IBMPLS -USASI67SCI +ACM67MTL -AUERC66RCA -AUERC66DMAUERC67DSS -NAA67DLN -USAF-67SCP -WESCO67CPT KEY WD.:	3C 3C 5C 5K 5V
I.D.: GRAHML65ALR TITLE: ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE FOR REPROGRAMMING AUTH.: GRAHAM MARVIN LOWELL INGERMAN PETER ZILAHY TITLE: COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ACM VOL.: 8, NO. 12 PP.: 0769-0773 DATED: 65.12	51 M 5T 5AP 2P 5P
CITES: HALPMI64XMW FERGDEML- INGEPZ64PTP -IBMRMI -UNIVACCM KEY WD.:	3C 5C 5K 5V

	ARE TRANSFER C	OCT ECTIMATICA	TECHNIQUE		51 M
AUTH .: HAHN			LECHNIQUE		5AP
	CORPORATION		EDATIONS D	LACE:	5P
DATED: 70.07		MASHINGIUM OF	EKAITUMS P	LACE	5 P
DAILD. 10.01					26
	-66AFA -DCA-		H63MSD -ARMY	-69CAS	3C
-DC A70WBC	DELAWA66PCC	FARRL-64FAC	KAHNPG69PC-	LICHHA69WSE	3 C
NEL SEA 67MHE	-OASD-68CAU	ADAMDL67PCC	BAKEDM66 ECC	BARLDA68SOS	3 C
BEMERW69PT-	BRANKL67CAJ	BR IGPL69PC-	BUDDAE67AAS	CARTWJ66PFC	30
DRUMKR66PAD	FARIM-66TC-	FIFEDW67AEC	FLEIT-66 CRA	FLURWR65NDB	3C
FREDDS65AML	FRITWB67CCW	FRY-JP68UGS	GAINR S65 TML	GALIMP67ERS	3 C
GILLGW69MCP	GOS DJA68AIA	GOSDJA68SC-	GUTTN-68PCP	HALPMI65MII	3C
-ARMY-69HAR	HAUEWC68TCP	HIRSP-69WIB	-ARMY-69 IAD	JANNT J61 CPC	3 C
JONEMV69CGD	JONEMV65EMD	JONEMV65HEI	KEDEV-68CCE	LABOV-66DEE	3 C
LABOV-64ECP	LAPALJ67TRM	MANUB-64SCC	MEALGHPTS	NELSEA65RIM	3C
PATRRL6910-	PORTJD67ACE	RAICE-67PAC	RANFAM68ADC	RANFAM68CFP	3.0
RATYMV67AFC	RUBERJ68CEP	RUBIJ-66CAS	SANDCW66AWC	TUCKSG65ELS	3C
WEINGF66DEC	WEINGF65RMC	WILLDAG7CLM			5C
KEY WD.:					5 K
					5 V
I.D.: HAUEWO	68TCP MD 569	88 TM-3676/0	07/01		51 M
	FERABILITY OF			CENTERS	5T
	SEN W C MATH		H J LABOLLE		SAP
	M DEVELOPMENT			FORNIA SANTA	19
	OLORADO AVE 90		68.01.16		5 P
HONICA 2500 C	SECREDO AVE 70	יייי סאירטי			-
				-67T	3C
BRUHSW66WMC	BUDDAE66MES	BUDDAE66MES		BUDDA E 67 A A S	3 C
CHRILS66ITJ	DRUTA-67WAS	ENGLJE67TS4	ERICWJ67ACC	FLEIT-67TAP	3 C
FLEIT-67RSE	GAINRS65TML	HAUEWC68RNC	-IBMISC	IRBYLA67RCT	30
KLEIPE64RSB	KLINJ-67DPS	NEILG-67CMP	NEILG-67 SDR	OLSETM65PTP	3 C
OPPEDK66M	-SDC64DMC	SEARLV67SEG	SEAPL V66 SEN	SEARL V66SMD	3C
SHAWCJ66CPC	-USAF-64CMD	-USAFCME	-USAF-64DE-	-USAF-64MCD	3 C
-US AFPTS	-USAF-66SEM	-USAFSMP	-USAF-65SPM	-USAF-64SPO	3 C
WEINGF65RMC					5C
KEY WD.:					5 K
					MT 1 4

COMPUTER SOURCE LANGUAGE OBJECT LANGUAGE MACHINE CODE MACHINE—OK 5K 5K 5V I.D.: HOLTAWTOECA AD 704796 MD 63959 THIRD SEMI-ANNUAL TECHNICAL 1II REPORT PART II (COVERING TASK AREA II) TITLE: EVENTS AND CONDITIONS AN APPROACH TO THE DESCRIPTION AND 1T ANALYSIS OF DYNAMIC SYSTEMS 5T AUTH.: HOLT ANATOL W COMMONER FREDERIC 5A AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: 2P MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 DATED: 70. 0P ACTION OF THE OBJECT OF SEMICE	I.D.: HILLRH68SET TITLE: SIMULATION, EMULATION, & TRANSLATION AUTH.: HILL RICHARD H TITLE: SIMULATION VOL.: PP.: 0081-0084 DATED: 68.02	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 5 P
REPORT PART II (COVERING TASK AREA II) TITLE: EVENTS AND CONDITIONS AN APPROACH TO THE DESCRIPTION AND ANALYSIS OF DYNAMIC SYSTEMS 5TA AUTH.: HOLT ANATOL W COMMONER FREDERIC AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: PASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 DATED: 70. OP O4 CITES: HOLTAM68FRI HOLTAW65MMM PATISS69MCD PATISS69MDA PATISS69NMA PATISS69MIC PATISSCRD PETRCACA- SHAPRM69HFS SCHAPRM69RA- KEY WO.: ILD.: IKBYLA67RCT MD 64067 TM-WD-488/000/00 TITLE: RESULTS OF CONVERSION OF TWO OPERATIONAL PROGRAMS FROM J3 ON THE CDC 1604 TO J5.2 ON THE IBM 360 AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: VIRGINIA FALLS CHURCH 22041 DATED: 67.12.18 CITES: KEY WD.: 5C CITES: KEY WD.:	KEY WD.: SOURCE COMPUTER TARGET COMPUTER HOST COMPUTER OBJECT COMPUTER SOURCE LANGUAGE OBJECT LANGUAGE MACHINE CODE MACHINE-	1K
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TITLE: RESULTS OF CONVERSION OF TWO OPERATIONAL PROGRAMS FROM J3 ON THE CDC 1604 TO J5.2 ON THE IBM 360 AUTH.: IRBY LELIA A AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: VIRGINIA FALLS CHURCH 22041 DATED: 67.12.18 CITES: KEY WD.:	PATISSO9NMA PATISSO9MIC PATISSCRD PETRCACA- SHAPRM69HFS SHAPRM69RA-	3C 3C 5C 5K 5V
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		5C 5K 5V

TITLE: FORMAL DEFINITION OF BASEL PART 3: INTERPRETER AUTH.: JORRAND PHILIPPE AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 CATED: 69.	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 2 P 0 P 5 P
KEY WD.:	5C 5K 5V
TITLE: PROGRAM VERIFIER AUTH.: KING JAMES C AUTH.: CARNEGIE MELLON UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 5 P 5 P
KEY WD.:	5C 5K 5 V
TITLE: STANDARDIZATION OF COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY FACILITIES TRANSLATED FROM RUSSIAN AUTH.: KISELEV B R	5 I M 1 T 5 T 5 A P
	2 P.
	5C 5V
TITLE: RESULTS OF A STUDY OF THE BIDIRECTIONAL TRANSFER OF COMPUTER PROGRAMS BETWEEN THE IBM 7090 AND THE CDC 1604A AUTH.: KLEIN P E AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA	5 I N 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
01125	5C 5K

I.D.: KNUTDE70EFS AD 711329 MEMO AIM-126 REPORT NO. CS 169 TITLE: EXAMPLES OF FORMAL SEMANTICS AUTH.: KNUTH DONALD E AUTH.: STANFORD UNIVERSITY COMPUTER SCIENCE DEPARTMENT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE PROJECT PLACE: CALIFORNIA STANFORD DATED: 70.07	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 2 P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.: LAMBDA EXPRESSIONS SYNTHESIZED ATTRIBUTES INHERITED ATTRIBUTES TURINGOL TL/I INFORMATION STRUCTURES	5C
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CITES: KEY WD.: MACHINE LANGUAGE COMPILER RECURSIVE SYSTEMS FILE ORGANIZATION COMPUTER SYSTEMS SOFTWARE ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING	5C 1K 3K 5K 5V
I.D.: LAMPBW66RMC AD 707366 DOCUMENT NO. R-13 TITLE: REFERENCE MANUAL: COMPILER PACKAGE AUTH.: LAMPSON BUTLER W AUTH.: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA PLACE: CALIFORNIA BERKELEY DATED: 66.03.18	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.:	5 C 5 K 5 V

TITLE: IMPLEMENTATION OF PROGRAM TRANSLATION AUTH.: OSWALD HENRY DYKAAR R R VOLLERS J GSWALK J KAUFMAN P J AUTH.: CELESTRON ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: NEW YORK VALHALLA 4 BRUADWAY 10595 DATED: 67.03	5 T 1 A P 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: KEY WD.: DIGITAL COMPUTER AUTOMATICALLY TRANSLATE MACHINE LANGUAGE COMPUTER PROGRAM	50 1K 5K 5V
I.D.: PAULMC68TDS AD 683 784 MD 59903 SCIENTIFIC REPORT NO. 6 TITLE: TRANSLATION DESCRIPTION SYSTEM FOR COMPUTER LANGUAGES AUTH.: PAULL MARVIN C AUTH.: RCA LABORATORIES PLACE: NEW JERSEY PRINCETON 08540 DATED: 68.12	1 I M 5 T 5 T 5 A P 5 P
CITES: AHO-AVSDT INGEPZ66SOT PAULMC67BDS KEY WD.: LANGUAGE DESCRIPTION LANGUAGE PROCESSING COMPUTER LINGUISTICS TRANSLATION SYSTEMS PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES SYNTAX SEMANTICS CONTEXT-FREE GRAMMARS REPRESENTATIONS	5C 1 K 3 K 5 K 5 V
I.D.: PERSMH65JMP AD 620611 MD 15434 TM-555/002/03 TITLE: JOVIAL MANUAL, PART 2 JOVIAL (J3) GRAMMAR AND LEXICON AUTH.: PERSTEIN MILLARD H (EARLIER VERSIONS BY C. J. SHAW AND M. H. PEPSTEIN) AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA 2500 COLORADO AVE. DATED: 65.09.01	51M 5T 1AP
CITES:	5 (5 V
I.D.: PERSMH65JMP AD 623861 MD 15434 TM-555/002/04 TITLE: JOVIAL MANUAL, PART 2 JOVIAL (J3) GRAMMAR AND LEXICON AUTH.: PERSTEIN MILLARD H (EARLIER VERSIONS BY C. J. SHAW AND M. H. PERSTEIN) AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA 2500 COLORADO AVE. DATED: 65.10.20	5 I M 5 T 1 A P 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES:	5C

TITLE: GRAMMAR AND LEXICON FOR BASIC JOVIAL AUTH.: PERSTEIN M H	51 M 5 T 5 A P
AUTH-: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA DATED: 66.05.10	1P 5P
CITES:	5C 5V
I.U.: PERSMH68STD AD 666370 MD 54054 SP-2916/000/01 TITLE: SOME TECHNIQUES FOR DESCRIBING PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES AUTH.: PERSTEIN MILLARD H	51M 5T 5AP
AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA PP.: 0001-0028	1P 5P
CITES: ABRAPW66FSD BERKEC67CE- IVERKE64MSS NAURP-60RAL PERSMH66CSD PERSMH66JGL PERSMH66NSD SAMMJE61DC6 SHAWCJ63SJUSASI67PUS -USGP061C1R	3C 3C 5C 5V
I.D.: PLASJE66TSM AD 637956 MD 44176 CA-6607-1512 AFCRL-66-516 TITLE: TRANGEN SYSTEM ON THE M460 COMPUTER AUTH.: PLASKOW JONATHAN E SCHUMAN STEPHEN A AUTH.: MASSACHUSETTS COMPUTER ASSOCIATES, INC. PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS WAKEFIELD LAKESIDE OFFICE PARK 01880 DATED: 06.07.15	31 M 51 5T 5AP 2P 2P 5P
CITES: BEARD-66GPS BUMGLLORC CHEATE65NCT CHEATE65TTG CHEATE64SC- CHRIC-65ESM EVANA-50A6C EVANA-65SAP FELDJA66FSC FLOYRW61DLS FLOYRW63SAO LIETMP64MSC LONDRL64CPD LONSET63EPA MITCRW66ILN SHAPR-64GTC STRAC-65GPM TAYL61BBA WILLH-66ADN -COMPA66ST- COMPA66TI-	3C 3C 3C 5C 5V

I.D.: PRESL-68SSE AD 679592 68-51 UCLA-10P14-52 TITLE: STRUCTURE, SPECIFICATION, AND EVALUATION OF TRANSLATORS AND TRANSLATOR WRITING SYSTEMS AUTH.: PRESSER LEON PUB.: UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING PLACE: CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES 90024 DATED* 68-10	51M 1T 5T 5AP 1P 2P 5P
CITES: BAERJ-68GMC BOOKE-60USB BOVEDP68MAC BROORA60APP RROORA60SPK BROORA61DMA BROORA62GTP BURKWH65UPL CARDAF68POL CERFV-68MP- CHEATE64AC- CHEATE66TCC CHOMN-63FPG -CCCIT65CNN -CCCIT65CNN DAVIRA66CCS DEANAL64SRA ESTRG-67SCC ESTRG-68MDD FELDJA64FSC FELDJA66FSC FELDJ-68TWS FLOYRW61DLS FLOYRW63SAO FELOYRW64BCS GARWJV64GLC GINSS-66MTC GINSS-66DCF GINSS-67SAC GORNS-61SBT GRAHRM64BCT GRANEE66ECO GREEJH63UL- GREISA64FPS HALPMI65MIT HALSMH62MCP HARTPH67HWS HAVEJP63PLS HUNTEC66MSIBM66PLM INGEPZ66ST- IRONET61SDC IRONET61SUS ITURR-66TAU KNUTDE65TLL LAWSHW68PIS MANDR-66MDA MANDR-68ICW MARIMA68IFP MARTDF66AAS MCCAJ-62L1P MCCLRM65TSD MCKEWM66ACL METCH-64PCB MORRCW38FTS NORTRS64FSL OPLEA-64MSC OPPEDK66MLS PRESL-67CWS ROSES-64CBS RUSSEC6BAPA SCHML-63ISM SCHOV-63SDS SCHOV-64MIS SCHNFW64MSD SHAWA-66LNC SHAWCJ66SOE SIBLRA61SS- SQUIBE65RSC SOUIRE66LAP STEETB66FLD TOLLJ-67FE- TURNR-63AIV WARSS-61SDG MIRTN-66GGA ZEMAH-66SPL KEY WD.: TRANSLATORS TRANSLATOR WRITING SYSTEMS TRANSLATOR SPECIFICATION TRANSLATOR EVALUATION TRANSLATOR MEASUREMENT COMPILERS INTERPRETERS META COMPILERS PRECEDENCE GRAMMARS PRECEDENCE LANGUAGES	3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3C 3
I.D.: RUBERJ68CEP AD 669096 MD 55002 ESD-TR-68-150 LOGICON REPORT NO. CS-6813-R0106 TITLE: COMPARATIVE EVALUATION OF PL/I AUTH.: RUBEY RAYMOND J ET AL AUTH.: LOGICON, INCORPORATED PLACE: CALIFORNIA SAN PEDRO 90731 DATED: 68.04	11M 51 5T 5AP 1P 5P
CITES: KEY WD.: PL/I EVALUATION PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE EVALUATION PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE COMPARISON FORTRAN: PL/I COMPARISON JOVIAL: PI/I COMPARISON COBOL: PL/I COMPARISON BENCHMARK COMPUTER PPOGRAMS	5C 3K 1K 1K 5K 5V

TITLE: JOVIAL SORT AND SEARCH ROUTINES FOR THE DM-1 SYSTEM AUTH.: RZEPKA WILLIAM E AUTH.: ROME AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER (EMIIH) PLACE: NEW YORK GRIFFISS AIR FORCE BASE 13440 DATED: 69.05	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
CITES: GOTLCC63SCSDC66JTM -UNIVA65RJL KEY HD.: PROGRAMMING (COMPUTER) SORTING SEARCHING	5C 5K 5V
I.D.: SHAPRM69RA- AD 697026 CA-6908-2331 RADC TR-69-313, VOL. II TITLE: KEPRESENTATION OF ALGORITHMS AUTH.: SHAPIRO ROBERT M SAINT HARRY AUTH.: APPLIED DATA RESEARCH, INC. CCRPORATE RESEARCH CENTER PLACE: NEW YORK NEW YORK 450 SEVENTH AVE. 10001 DATED: 69.09 CITES:	11M 51 5T 5AP 5P 5P 5P
I.O.: SHAWCJ60JMP MD 15433 TM555 PART 1 TITLE: JOVIAL MANUAL: PART 1 COMPUTERS, PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES AND JOVIAL AUTH.: SHAW C J AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA 2500 COLORADO AVE. DATED: 60.12.20 CITES:	51M 1T 5T 5AP 1P 5P
I.D.: SHAWCJ61BJP MD 15435 FM-5477 TITLE: BASIC JOVIAL PRIMER AUTH.: SHAW C J AUTH.: SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION PLACE: CALIFORNIA SANTA MONICA 2500 COLORADO AVE. DATED: 61.05.05	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 1 P 5 P
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HOARCA65RH-	HOLTAW65MMM	INGEPZ66SOT	ITURR-67CMM	KLERM-65TDP	3C
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LEDEJ-66SOM	LINDRK65ESD	MCCAJ-64DND	MCCAJ-60RFS	MCCAJ-62L1P	3 C
MOSEJ-66SI-	NARAR-66SDI PERLAJ64FL-	NAURP-63RRA PEKLAJ66SAS	NEWEA-64 IPL PERLAJ66 DFA	NEWEA-64PCS -IBM66PLS	3C 3C
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SAMMJE66SFM	SCOTAE5 8APF	SHERPM66FCP	SKILHM57EEC	SLAGJH61HPS	3 C
STANT A66PLD	STRAC-66CWP	SUTHWR 66CLD	-USGPO61CRS	VAN RP66FMA	3 C
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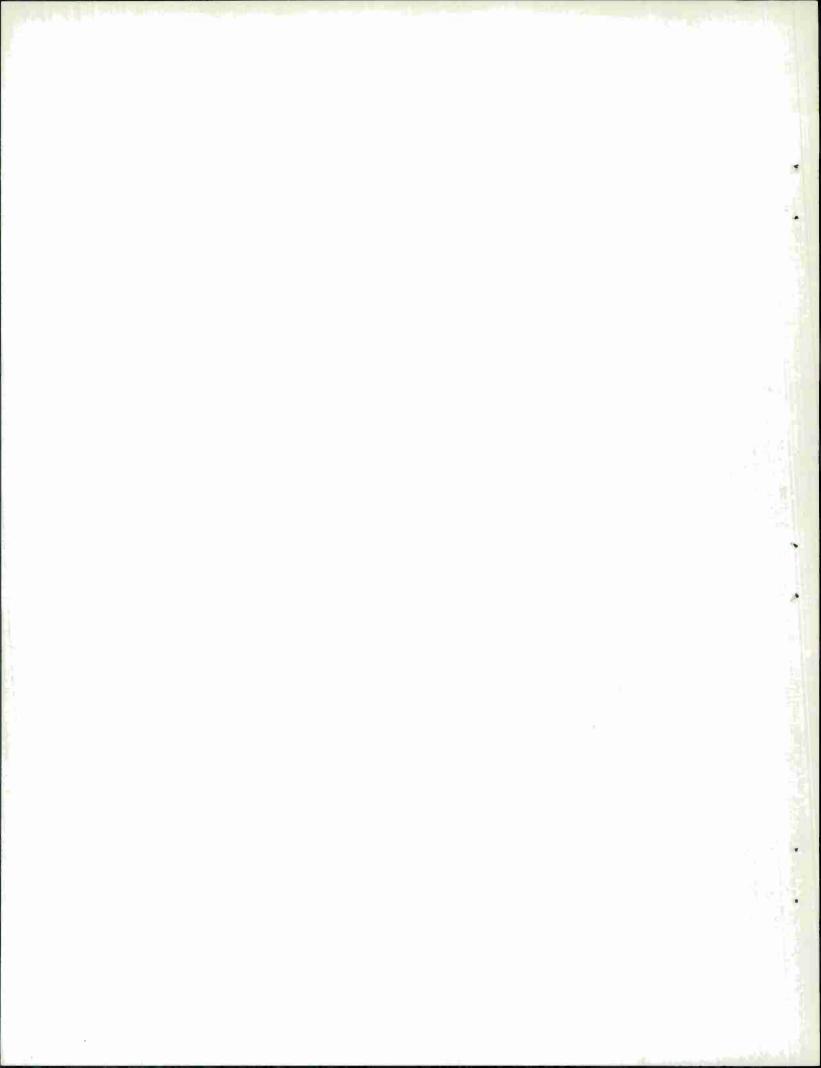
TITLE: ALGORITHMS AND ALGORITHMIC LANGUAGES TRANSLATED FROM RUSSIAN AUTH.: VESELOV V M KOPROV V M TITLE: OBNINSK FIZIKO-ENERGETICHESKIY INSTITUT DOKLADY DATED: 67 TRANSLATED: 69.05.12 INDEXED: 71.03.31 VOL.: 81	5 I M 1 T 5 T 5 A P 2 P 5 P 5 P
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TITLE: ALGORITHMS AND ALGORITHMIC LANGUAGES TRANSLATED FROM RUSSIAN AUTH.: VESELOV V M KOPROV V M PUB.: FIZIKO-ENERGETICHESKIY INSTITUT DATED: 67 TRANSLATED:	51M 1T 5T 5AP 2P 5P
KEY WD.: ALGORITHM ALGORITHMIC LANGUAGE/(U) ALGOL 60 LANGUAGE (U) M20 DIGITAL COMPUTER	5C 3K 5K 5V
TITLE: CAT: A 7090-3600 COMPUTER-AIDED TRANSLATION AUTH.: WILSON DONALD M MOSS DAVID J TITLE: COMMUNICATIONS OF THE ACM VOL.: 8, NO. 12 PP.:	5 I M 5 T 5 A P 2 P 5 P
KEY WD.:	5 C 5 K 5 V
TITLE: JOVIAL PROGRAM SUPPORT SYSTEM, VOLUME ISYSTEM MANUAL AUTH.: COMPUTER COMMAND AND CONTROL COMPANY PLACE: PENNSYLVANIA PHILADELPHIA WILFORD BUILDING, 33RD & ARCH STREETS	5 I 5 T 5 A C
KEY WD.: COMPUTERS PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS)	5C 5K

VOL. II (OF 2) FITLE: JOVIAL PREGRAM SUPPORT SYSTEM, VOLUME II—SYSTEM USER'S GUIDE AUTH.: COMPUTER COMMAND AND CONTROL COMPANY PLACE: PENNSYLVANIA PHILADELPHIA WILFORD BUILDING, 33RD & ARCH STREETS	1 I M 5 I 1 T 5 T 5 A C 1 P 5 P
KEY WU.: COMPUTERS PROGRAMMING (COMPUTERS)	5C 5K 5V
TITLE: ADVANCED PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE FOR A COST-EFFECTIVE HARDWARE- INDEPENDENT REALIZATION OF NAVAL SOFTWARE SYSTEMS AUTH:: COMPUTER SYMBOLIC, INC. PLACE: D.C. WASHINGTON MCPHERSON SOUAHE OFFICE BUILDING 920 15TH STREET, N.W. 20005 CATED:	51M OT 5T 1P 2P 5P
VANDJE69SGS KEY WD.: ASSEMBLY SYSTEMS COST-EFFECTIVE SOFTWARE HARDWARE INDEPENDENCE NAVAL SOFTWARE PSEUDO ASSEMBLY LANGUAGES	3C 5C 1K 5K 5V
TITLE: USER'S MANUAL COBOL COMPILER VALIDATION SYSTEM AUTH.: ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION DIRECTORATE OF SYSTEMS DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS BEDFORD L G HANSCOM FIELD	5 I M 5 T 1 P 1 P 5 P
KEY WD.: COBOL COMPILER VALIDATION	5C 5K

I-D.: -ESD70UMJ AD 711370 ESD-TR-70-278 TITLE: USER'S MANUAL JOVIAL COMPILER VALIDATION SYSTEM AUTH.: ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS DIVISION DIRECTORATE OF SYSTEMS DESIGN & DEVELOPMENT PLACE: MASSACHUSETTS BEDFORD L G HANSCOM FIELD	51 M 5T 1AC 1P
01730 DATED: 70.07	5P
CITES: KEY HD.: JOVIAL J-3 (J3) COMPILER VALIDATION	5C 5K 5V
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I.D.: -FOCCP68JPL AD 672933 FOCCPAC TECH NOTE 3 128365	5 I M
AUTH.: PACIFIC FLEET FLEET OPERATIONS CONTROL CENTER PLACE: CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DATED: 68.04	5AC 5P
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APPENDIX B

EXAMPLE OF DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R & D,
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13 ABSTRACT			
A compiler generation system is descr	ibed which	is rigorous	ly based and which
allows formal specification both of the so of the object (machine oriented) languages	An inter	mediate or	"buffer" language.
BASE, is interposed, reducing the required	transforma	tion techni	ques described.
The system, so far, includes those element	s in BASE n	ecessary to	produce ALGOL,
FORTRAN, and JOVIAL compilers.			
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APPENDIX C

IDENTIFIERS FOR CORPORATE NAMES

AFSCF Air Force Satellite Control Facility, Computer

Program Integration Contractor

AICE American Institute of Chemical Engineers

API American Petroleum Institute

ARMY U.S. Army

AUERC Auerbach Corporation

BELLT Bell Telephone Laboratories, Inc.

CA Computer Abstracts

CAA Computers and Automation

CARIT Carnegie Institute of Technology

CB Computer Bulletin

CDPSC Computing and Data Processing Society of Canada

CJ Computer Journal

CODAS CODASYL Systems Committee

CR Computing Reviews

CRPC Chemical Rubber Publishing Company

CSC Computer Sciences Corporation

DATAM Datamation

DATAP Data Processing Inc.

DCA Defense Communications Agency

ESD U.S. Air Force, Electronic Systems Division

FEDEL Federal Electric Corporation

HARVU Harvard University

IBM International Business Machines Corporation

IPJ Information Processing Journal

NAA North American Aviation, Inc.

OASD Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense

(Comptroller)

PHILC Philco Corporation

RAND Rand Corporation

SDC System Development Corporation

UNILL University of Illinois

UNIVA UNIVAC

USAF U.S. Air Force

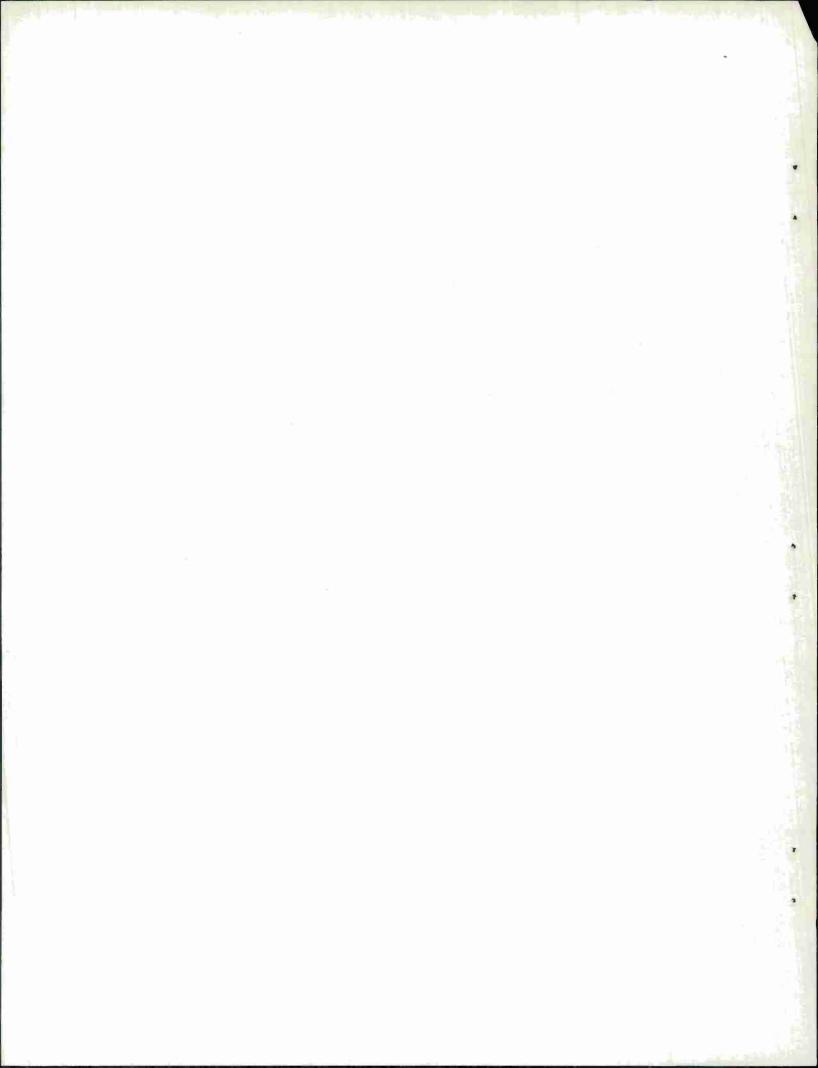
USASI U.S. of A. Standards Institute

USGPO U.S. Government Printing Office

WESCO Westinghouse Electric Corporation

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